General Guide for How to Choose a PLASTEK Mould Heaters

1. How to calculate required heating capacity:

A = required heating capacity (kW)

B = net weight of the mould (kg) x specific heat of the mould material

T1 = required mould heating temperature (°C)

T2 = ambient temperature (°C)

$$A = B \times (T1 - T2) \div 860 \div 0.8 \text{ (safety factor)}$$

[Example] B = 400 kg, T1 = $60 \,^{\circ}\text{C}(ABS)$, T2 = $30 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$

Required heating capacity

= 400×0.15 (steel) x $(60 - 30) \div 860 \div 0.8$

= 2.6 kW

2. How to calculate required cooling capacity:

C = required cooling capacity (kcal/hr)

D = throughput of raw material (kg/hr) x specific heat of raw material

T3 = melt temperature of raw material (°C)

T4 = temperature of ejected moulding component (°C)

$$C = D \times (T3 - T4) \div 0.8$$
 (safety factor)

[Example] D = 100 kg/hr, T3 = 200 $^{\circ}$ C(ABS), T4 = 50 $^{\circ}$ C

Required cooling capacity

= 100 x 0.34 (ABS) x $(200 - 50) \div 0.8$

= 6400 kcal/hr

3. How to calculate required pump capacity:

E = required pump capacity (litre/minute)

F = approx. medium volume in the heating chamber of mould (litre)

G = approx. medium volume in the connection hoses between mould and heater (litre)

$$E = (F + G) \times (10 \sim 20)$$

Remark: Above calculation formulas are for reference as a guideline only and should however pay high respect to the field application experiences.